

# **VIDOC®**Product description





## viDoc® for Smartphone Included in the scope of delivery





## viDoc® for Tablet Included in the scope of delivery



## viDoc® for Smartphone

## **Functional overview**



## **viDoc**®

### **Technical Data**

#### viDoc



Smartphone

153x72x19mm

Weight 242g

Temperature range

Humidiy



Tablet

253x184x29mm

484 g

-5 up to +35 °C 5-95% (not condensing)

**GNSS** antenna

Measurements

Measurements

55,6 mm x 27,5 mm

Weight

< 19 g

Temperature range Humidiy

-40 up to +80 °C

Polarization

Up to 95% **RHCP** 

Satellite signals

GPS: L1/L2

GLONASS:G1/G2

Beidou: B1/B2/B3

Galileo: El/E5b

Coverage

3-16 VDC

360°

Supply voltage Power consumption

< 35 mA

Gain

 $36 \pm 2 \, dB$ 

Noise figure

< 1,5 dB

V.S.W.R.

< 2,0



#### Laser

is not included in the scope of delivery can be unlocked later.

Can be used only with the viApp (not included) and are not compatible with Pix4Dcatch.

Measurement accuracy ± 2 mm

Ground laser: 0,5 - 40 m Measuring range

Front laser: 0,5 - 20m

Laser class

635 nm, < 1 mW Laser type Measurement times 0,1 up to 4 sec. 2,5 - 3,3 VSupply voltage

Operating temperature  $\,$  0 up to 40  $^{\circ}$ C

## **viDoc**®

#### **Technical Data**

**Performance specifications** 

Constellation-independent, flexible signal tracking, improved positioning under challenging environmental conditions 1 with multi-satellite use. Reduced downtime in the event of loss of

signal (up to 5 seconds).

The following satellite signals are used simultaneously:

GPS: L1C/A (1575.42 MHz); L2C (1227.60 MHz) B1I (1561.098 MHz); B2I (1207.140 MHz) BeiDou: Galileo: E1-B/C (1575.42 MHz); E5b (1207.140 MHz) GLONASS: L1OF (1602 MHz + k\*562.5 kHz, k = -7,..., 5, 6)

L2OF (1246 MHz + k\*437.5 kHz, k = -7,..., 5, 6)

**QZSS** 

Positioning services<sup>2</sup>

Device type Multi-band GNSS high precision receiver

RMS 30 ns Accuracy of pulse signals

99 % 60 ns

Frequencies of pulse signals 0,25 Hz up to 10 MHz

Convergence time RTK < 10 sec.

Static survey POSITION 1cm + 1ppm

HIGHT 1cm + 1ppm

RTK run up/ramp up time<sup>3</sup> Cold start (Sec.) 24 sec.

At operating temperature 2 sec.

POSITION 7mm at 15min **RTK-Position** accuracy RMS<sup>45</sup> (repeatability for HIGHT 8mm at 15 min static measurement) POSITION 15mm at 30 min

HIGHT 21mm at 30 min

Speed accuracy 0.05 m/s

5.000 m System limits Height

> Acceleration < 4 g 500 m/s Speed

Prepared

**Power supply** 

Smartphone operating times in continuous operation:

Smartphone iPad

receive and send max. 9 hours max. 9 hours with active Lasermodule max. 6 hours max. 6 hours under real conditions max. 8 hours max. 8 hours 2.400 mAh 3.200 mAh battery pack

Model accuracy<sup>6</sup> absolute position and height

- with EXIF data < 10cm - with CSVdata < 10cm

- with CSV+GCP data < 2cm

- with EXIF+GCP data

IMU

in cloud processing < 2cm

## **viDoc**®

#### **Technical Data**

#### **Remarks**

- 1 Challenging GNSS environments are places where there is sufficient satellite availability for the receiver as a prerequisite for minimum accuracy, but where the signal can be partially shaded or reflected by trees, buildings and other objects. The actual results may vary due to the location and atmospheric activity, due to strong flickering, the condition and availability of the satellite system and the degree of multipath scattering and signal coverage.
- Precision and reliability can be affected by certain factors such as multipath scattering, obstacles, satellite geometry and atmospheric conditions. The stated specifications require stable setups, a clear view of the sky, an environment free of electromagnetic interference and multipath scattering, optimal GNSS configurations and, in addition, surveying methods as they are usually used for surveys of the highest order with occupation times adapted to the base lengths. Baselines over 30 km in length require ephemeris accuracy and occupation times of up to 24 hours may be necessary to achieve high-precision static specification.
- 3 Can be influenced by atmospheric conditions, multipath signals, shadowing and satellite geometry. The reliability of the initialization is permanently monitored to ensure the highest quality.
- 4 RMS efficiency is based on repeatable on-site measurements. The achievable accuracy and the initialization time can vary depending on the type and performance data of the receiver and antenna, the geographic location of the user, atmospheric conditions, scintillation intensity, the status and availability of the GNSS constellation, the degree of multipath scatteing and the proximity to shading (e.g. from large trees and buildings) vary.
- 5 Measurement iterations based on 1 minute. Better position accuracy through error rate filtering.
- 6 The models were mapped with a Vigram Rover and an iPhone 11.
  The model accuracy depends on the environmental conditions and the calculation settings.
  The results may vary depending on the software provider.



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